|  |
| --- |
| **True / False** |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. The social welfare system is the organized efforts and structures used to provide for our societal well being​.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| 2. Social welfare policies are the products of social welfare programs​.

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 3. Universal social services are provided to members of society based on their income or means​.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| 4. According to the NASW Code of Ethics, “social workers should advocate for changes in policy and legislation to improve social conditions”​.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | True |

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| 5. A residual approach to social welfare policy emphasizes prevention​.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | True |
|   | b.  | False |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | False |

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| **Multiple Choice** |

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| 6. ​A residual approach to social welfare policy:

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​calls for the prevention of social problems through the implementation of social welfare programs |
|   | b.  | ​is not possible in the United States |
|   | c.  | ​emphasizes collective responsibility |
|   | d.  | ​calls for organized public intervention only when the resources of family and the market place break down |
|   | e.  | ​uses residence of recipients to determine eligibility |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | d |

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| 7. An institutional approach to social welfare policy:​

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​calls for organized public intervention in emergency situations |
|   | b.  | ​calls for the existence of social welfare programs outside of the social structure |
|   | c.  | **​**calls for the existence of social welfare programs as part of the normal function of society. |
|   | d.  | ​emphasizes individual responsibility |
|   | e.  | is based on institutions as the sites for service delivery​ |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 8. Social welfare policy is:​

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​only concerned with social problems for low income people |
|   | b.  | ​always court mandated |
|   | c.  | ​the organized response or lack of a response to a social issue or problem |
|   | d.  | ​a position that must require action |
|   | e.  | informal and not put into organized programs​ |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 9. Gaining power through knowledge in order to effect change is:​

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​why we study social welfare |
|   | b.  | ​not compatible with social work practice |
|   | c.  | ​illegal |
|   | d.  | ​simple and easy and does not require understanding of social issues |
|   | e.  | ​only the domain of politicians |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 10. Social welfare programs are:​

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​the products of social welfare policies |
|   | b.  | ​designed to help only those who are poor |
|   | c.  | ​not helpful in addressing social problems |
|   | d.  | ​developed regardless of cost to assist members of society |
|   | e.  | ​developed before policies |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 11. Selective social welfare programs are:​

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​available to all who apply for services |
|   | b.  | ​services that are restricted to only those who can demonstrate proven need |
|   | c.  | ​never institutional in approach |
|   | d.  | ​not available through public administration |
|   | e.  | ​preferable to categorical benefits |

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| *ANSWER:* | b |

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| 12. Driving on an interstate highway is​

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​a form of participating in the social welfare system |
|   | b.  | ​a private act with no public involvement |
|   | c.  | ​irrelevant to social welfare policy and social programs |
|   | d.  | ​a right available only to tax payers |
|   | e.  | a selective social welfare benefit​ |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| 13. The social welfare system can be viewed as four components:​

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​concerns – rights – regulations - outcomes |
|   | b.  | ​ideas – social plans – rules - outputs |
|   | c.  | **​**social issue – policy goals – legislation – program |
|   | d.  | ​priorities – values – beliefs – policies |
|   | e.  | ​social values – ideologies – paradigms – goals |

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| --- | --- |
| *ANSWER:* | c |

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| 14. Public education is an example of a​

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| --- | --- | --- |
|   | a.  | ​Universal and institutional social welfare program |
|   | b.  | ​Selective and residual social welfare program |
|   | c.  | ​Residual and universal social welfare program |
|   | d.  | ​Institutional and selective social welfare program |
|   | e.  | Selective and universal social welfare program​ |

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| *ANSWER:* | a |

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| **Essay** |

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| 15. Define universal and selective services and give an example of each.​

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| *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ |

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| 16. Describe the differences between an institutional and residual approach to social welfare policies and programs.​

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| *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ |

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| 17. Identify and explain the four components that comprise the social welfare system as outlined in Chapter 1.​

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| *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ |

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| 18. How do conflicting values and beliefs impact social welfare policy? Give two examples.​

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| *ANSWER:* | Answers Will Vary​ |

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